Modern Languages - French St Thomas and St Anne's CE Primary School



Rolling Programme 2021-2022

Our Long, medium- and short-term planning are supported by resources based on The Primary French Project. We plan for a weekly lesson of 30 minutes.

Our rolling programme has been adopted to cater for our mixed age class structure. This will be reviewed regularly depending on the overall school structure as our class groups often change from year to year.

Decisions regarding which modules the children will follow have been based on outcomes of a curriculum review and any missed learning in previous years due to the COVID 19 pandemic.

We ensure that children are building on previously learning by referring to progression grids (see below) as well as our milestones from French.

Our threshold concepts for languages are:

Read fluently

This concept involves recognising key vocabulary and phrases.

Write imaginatively

This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to write ideas.

Speak confidently

This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to verbally communicate ideas.

• Understand the culture of the countries in which the language is spoken

This concept involves the background knowledge and cultural capital needed to infer meaning from interactions.

Overview of Curriculum

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
niveau bleu	Getting started in French	Discovering Paris	Introducing myself
Paris and cities of the UK	 greetings numbers France and the UK 	numbersParis landmarks	 introducing myself countries and capital cities
niveau blanc	Animals and colours	Animals and habitats	My favourite animals
Paris parks and gardens	animalscoloursquestions	 animals and their habitats masculine and feminine nouns 	 likes and dislikes homes and gardens French alphabet
niveau rouge	My town and telling the time	My town and telling the time	My hobbies, my diary
Districts in Paris	 town features time more numbers 	 telling the time my town 	my hobbiesmy diary
niveau tric <mark>olore</mark>	My class	My school	Myself and my family
Festivals and celebrations	days and monthsbirthdaysclassroom objects	 my school my family 	 describing myself clothes the weather

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The Primary French Project materials can be downloaded from www.culturetheque.com/EXPLOITATION/GBR/primary-french.aspx, and support is available from the Facebook group at www.facebook.com/groups/primaryfrench.ifru/.

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2021- 2022 Year A	Autumn Term		Spring Term		Summer Term	
Y3 (Elm)	<i>Niveau Bleu</i>	<i>Niveau Bleu</i>	<i>Niveau Bleu</i>	<i>Niveau Bleu</i> Module	<i>Niveau Bleu</i> Module	<i>Niveau Bleu</i> Module
	Module 1	Module 2	Module 3	4	5	6
Y4/5	Niveau Blanc	Niveau Blanc	Niveau Blanc	Niveau Blanc	Niveau Blanc	Niveau Blanc
(Ash)	Module 1	Module 2	Module 3	Module 4	Module 5	Module 6
Year 5/6	Niveau Rouge	Niveau Rouge	Niveau Rouge	Niveau Rouge	Niveau Rouge	Niveau Rouge
Oak	Module 1	Module 2	Module 3	Module 4	Module 5	Module 6

2022-23 Year B	Autumn Term		Spring Term		Summer Term	
Y3/4	Niveau Bleu 1	Niveau Bleu 2	Niveau Blanc 3	Niveau Blanc 4	Niveau Bleu 5	Niveau Blanc 6
Y5	Niveau Rouge					
	Module 1	Module 2	Module 3	Module 4	Module 5	Module 6
Year 6	Niveau Tricolore					
Oak	Module 1	Module 2	Module 3	Module 4	Module 5	Module 6

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Niveau Bleu

Speaking and Listening	Reading and Writing	Grammar	Pronunciation and Spelling
Listen and show understanding of single words through physical or spoken response. Understand and respond to:	Read and show understanding of familiar single words and phrases Use pictures, props or texts to read aloud or to ask and answer questions.	Name, identify and use parts of speech Give a definition and example of: a noun a proper noun a conjunction a verb an adverb Use a fronted adverbial to open a sentence Know the 4 definite articles: le, la, l', les	Spell certain words Say some alphabet letters Know how to say a capital letter Spell Paris, Nounours. Know that personal names and place names begin with a capital letter Recognise the ligature æ, and be able to write it in certain words, e.g. Sacré-Cœur Use the circumflex accent correctly Know that the acute accent appears only over the letter e, e.g. Sacré-Cœur
Recognise a familiar question and respond with a simple rehearsed response. Q&A: name, age, where you live Ask how something is spelt. Asking a question Use C'est as an opener to a question or a statement.	Understand the role of punctuation Use commas and full stops in writing. Know that a fronted adverbial is followed by a comma	Identify cognates / shared words Know that no. is used as a number label in French and English	Phonics and pronunciation Pronounce the phoneme $\begin{bmatrix} \widetilde{\epsilon} \end{bmatrix}$ or $\begin{bmatrix} \widetilde{\omega} \end{bmatrix}$ as in un Pronounce the phoneme $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{y} \end{bmatrix}$ as in tu . Know that the final consonant in a word is almost always silent, e.g. $Paris$ Know that the acute accent changes the sound of the letter e, e.g. $Sacré-Cœur$
Speak in sentences Speak or read aloud using intonation to help convey meaning. Use images or speaking frames to ask and answer questions, to create sentences, and to read aloud.	Write and say simple familiar words to describe people, places, things and actions using a model. Use images or writing frames to ask and answer questions, and to create sentences and short texts. Write single familiar words from memory with understandable accuracy.	Translation Know that we translate ideas, not words (one language is not a copy of another) e.g. How old are you? Tu as quel âge?	
Dictionary Skills	Language Learning Skills	Greater depth - reading	Greater depth – writing
Know what a bilingual dictionary is Know what a headword is Know that headwords appear in alphabetical order	Listen carefully and try to copy pronunciation Identify and use strategies for memorising new vocabulary, e.g. say ten times under your breath; practise with a partner; gradually cover a sentence until you can read it from memory Use images or speaking frames	Using the knowledge of the sound of some letter strings, read aloud individual familiar words. Apply knowledge to read aloud unfamiliar words	Write some words and phrases accurately from memory.

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Niveau Blanc

Speaking and Listening	Grammar	Grammar	Pronunciation and Spelling
Questions Use rising intonation to create or recognise a spoken question Use question words to create or recognise a spoken question, e.g. où? Simple sentences and questions Ask spoken questions using a range of question words and create simple spoken responses Compound Sentences Create a compound spoken sentence by using a conjunction to link 2 simple sentences. Reading aloud Read aloud the text of familiar rhymes, stories or songs. Read aloud some simple sentences from a speaking frame. Reading and Writing Questions Use question words and punctuation (question mark) to create or recognise a question in written form Simple sentences Create simple written sentences Compound Sentences Create a compound written sentence by using a conjunction to link 2 simple sentences	Name and identify parts of speech Know and use a range of masculine and feminine ordinary nouns Give a definition and example of:	Numeral as determiner Use a numeral as a determiner Cognate Give a definition and example of a cognate Gender Know that in French, nouns have a grammatical gender, masculine and feminine Know that in English, nouns do not have a grammatical gender Know that the determiner must match the gender of the noun that it introduces Adjectival agreement by gender Know that the adjective must agree with the noun it qualifies Know how to modify an adjective to make it agree with a feminine noun Question Words Know what a question word is Syntax Know that syntax is the order in which words and phrases are put together to make a meaningful sentence. Understand how the adjective is placed in French and in English	Liaison Understand the concept of liaison. Elision Understand the concept of elision Know that an apostrophe is used in writing when elision occurs Silent final consonant Know that there are exceptions to the silent final consonant rule, e.g. ours, in which the final 's' is sounded out Accents Notice the grave accent in some words, e.g. où. Phonics and pronunciation Pronounce the phoneme [w].and recognise its grapheme 'oi', as in poisson, bois, trois and étoile. Know that In English, the grapheme 'oi' is pronounced [ø^] as in oil, boil and soil. Know what a homophone is. Apply knowledge of liaison and elision when reading aloud
Dictionary Skills	Know some plural verb forms Language Learning Skills	Greater depth - reading	Greater depth - writing
Locate headwords in a bilingual dictionary	Use a speaking frame to create spoken sentences with accurate syntax. Use a writing frame to create written sentences with accurate spelling, syntax and punctuation.	Demonstrate knowledge of liaison and elision when reading aloud	Write some words, phrases and sentences accurately from memory

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Niveau Rouge

Speaking and Listening	Reading and Writing	Grammar	Pronunciation and Spelling
Tell the time Tell and understand the time on the hour, the half hour, the quarter hour Use numbers Understand and use numbers 0-60 Asking a question Understand and use a range of questions; be able to use tone of voice, inversion and question words. Create spoken sentences Use speaking frames to create simple, complex and compound sentences. Create compound spoken sentences using a coordinating conjunction Vocabulary understand and use a wider range of verbs	Create written sentences Use writing frames to create simple, complex and compound sentences. Create compound written sentences using a coordinating conjunction Create complex written sentences using a subordinating conjunction Be familiar with a simple letter format.	Parts of speech Give a definition and example of	Know how to pronounce the phoneme represented by the digraph qu , in both French and English. Show deeper understanding of the concepts of liaison and elision in speaking and writing. The circumflex accent Notice the circumflex accent in some words, e.g. âge Know how the pronunciation and spelling of an adjective can change when it agrees with a feminine noun. Capital letters Know that a capital letter is not given to days of the week in French.
Dictionary Skills	Language Learning Skills	Greater depth - reading	Greater depth - writing
Apply key terminology when using a dictionary: bilingual, headword, entry, type of word, translation. The infinitive is form of the verb used as the head word in a dictionary.	Use strategies for memorising and recalling vocabulary.	Read longer sentences and short paragraphs and understand the gist and some detail.	Write sentences from memory, using familiar vocabulary with a high degree of accuracy.

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Niveau Tricolore

Speaking and Listening	Reading and Writing	Grammar	Pronunciation and Spelling
Formal and informal speech Know that there is a formal and informal/familiar register of speech in French and recognise examples of each. Asking a question Understand and use a range of questions; be able to recognise and ask spoken questions using a question tag. Create longer spoken sentences Use speaking frames to create simple, complex and compound sentences. Create compound spoken sentences using a relative pronoun	Create written sentences Use writing frames to create simple, complex and compound sentences. Create compound written sentences using a relative pronoun Create complex written sentences using a subordinating conjunction Writing the date Know how to write the date, including details of syntax, capital letters and punctuation. Know a range of conventions for writing the date in numerical format.	Verbs Understand and use the terms infinitive, conjugated, regular, irregular, stem and ending Know that the verb ending must agree with the subject. Be familiar with a verb paradigm (regular verb), present tense. Possessive adjective Recognise some possessive adjectives. Know that a possessive adjective must agree with the noun it is modifying. Agreement of noun and adjective Know how nouns and adjectives agree by gender and number; Know that some adjectives are invariable (they do not agree by gender or number) Questions Know how to create a question by using a question tag. Relative pronoun The relative pronoun qui can join together 2 clauses to make a compound sentence. Futur proche Use the futur proche – aller + infinitive	The cedilla Notice the cedilla in some words, e.g. Ça va? Know how to write it, and know how to pronounce words in which it appears. The circumflex accent Know that the circumflex can be used over any vowel to show that a historical letter has disappeared from the spelling of the word, e.g. âge, château. Ligatures Recognise the œ ligature in certain French words, and be able to write it correctly, e.g. sœur. Capital letters Know that a capital letter is not given to months of the year in French. Use the terminology upper case and lower case when spelling words
Dictionary Skills	Language Learning Skills	Greater depth – listening/spea	king/reading/writing
Use a bilingual dictionary efficiently and effectively Know that written information is almost always stored in alphabetical order in reference material. The French and English alphabets are identical in appearance, & have 26 letters.	Use vocabulary lists to learn and memorise new vocabulary	Some children will be able to sit the DELF Prim tests, A1.1, in one or more skills. DELF Prim is the first level in the DELF / DALF series of certificates awarded by the French Ministry of Education for proficiency in French as a Foreign Language. DELF Prim is intended for children who are beginners in French as a Foreign Language and who are either undertaking studies corresponding to the French elementary level or are the right age to undertake such studies under the regulations applicable in their country. Successful candidates receive a certificate identical to the general public version. DELF Prim is composed of individual certificates corresponding to the initial levels of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFRL).	

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