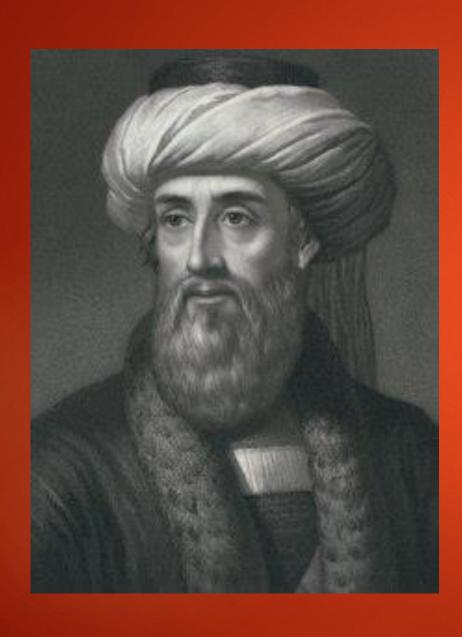
early non-Biblical evidence of Jesus Christ

RICH SEWELL





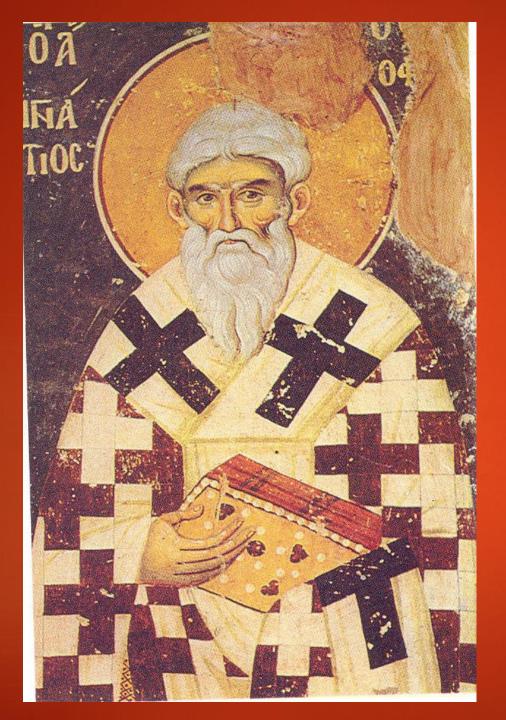
- Soleb, Northern Sudan
- c1400 BC [time of Moses]
- List of pharaoh Amenhotep III's enemies listed on stele in hieroglyphics
- Foreigners/nomads, identified by the name of their god
- Carving shows prisoner bound with inscription – clearly Semitic not Arab
- YHWH tetragrammaton = Yahweh; triune-God of the Bible
- Oldest reference to God, was a name clearly known to pharaoh at that time, 4,000 years ago!



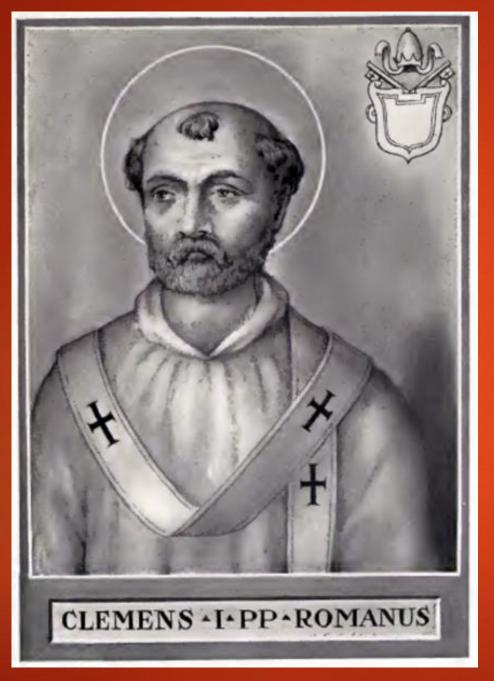
- Flavius Josephus
- ► AD37 cAD100
- Fought against Rome under emperor Vespasian but surrendered in AD67
- Taken into slavery, used as historian & translator for the emperor
- Josephus recorded siege of Jerusalem in AD70 and of Masada
- His works are the chief source of extrabiblical references to Pontius Pilate, Herod the Great, John the Baptist, James the brother of Jesus and Jesus of Nazareth
- Testimonium Flavianum "the brother of Jesus, who was called Christ, whose name was James."



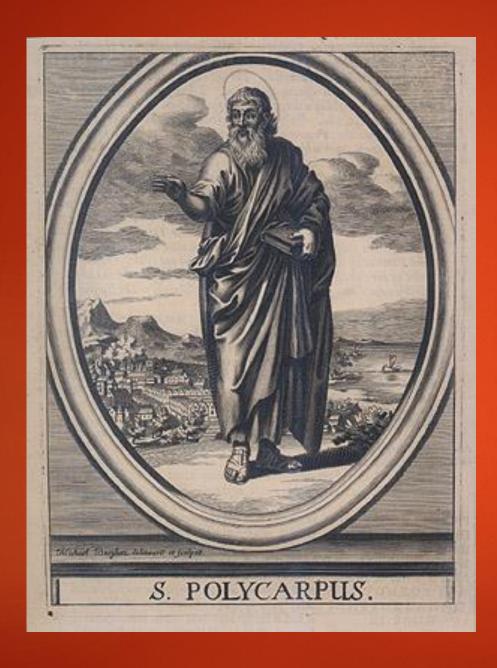
- James Ossuary
- 1st century
- Jews used this burial practice between 20BC – AD 70
- ▶ Inscription: יעקוב בר יוסף אחוי דישוע
- Ya'akov son of Yosef, brother of Yeshua
- 50.5c by 25c by 30.5c (19.9 in × 9.8 in × 12.0 in)
- Statistically only c1.71 people at the time & place with these names
- affirming the existence of James,
 Joseph & Jesus



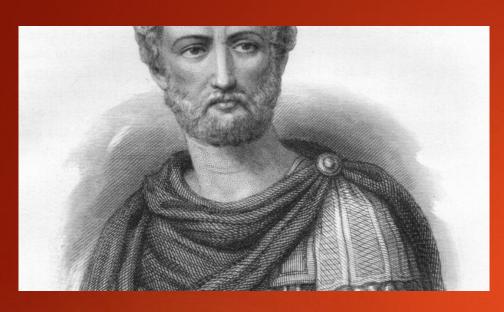
- Ignatius of Antioch
- ► AD30 AD130
- Ignatius's letter to the Trallians, chapter 18:2
- "For our God, Jesus Christ, was, according to the appointment of God, conceived in the womb by Mary, of the seed of David, but by the Holy Ghost". affirming the deity of Jesus
- Disciple of the Apostle John, along with Polycarp



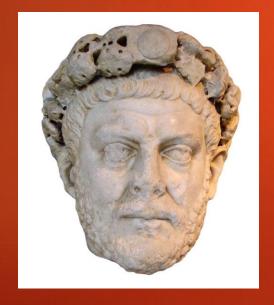
- Clement of Rome
- AD\$ CAD100
- 3rd Bishop of Rome and first of the Apostolic Fathers, taught on the doctrine of the Trinity
- Apostolic Fathers were core
 Christian theologians among the
 Church Fathers, lived in the 1st and
 2nd centuries and are believed to
 have personally known some of the
 Twelve Apostles or to have been
 significantly influenced by them
- Eusebius referred to Clement as a co-labourer of St Paul



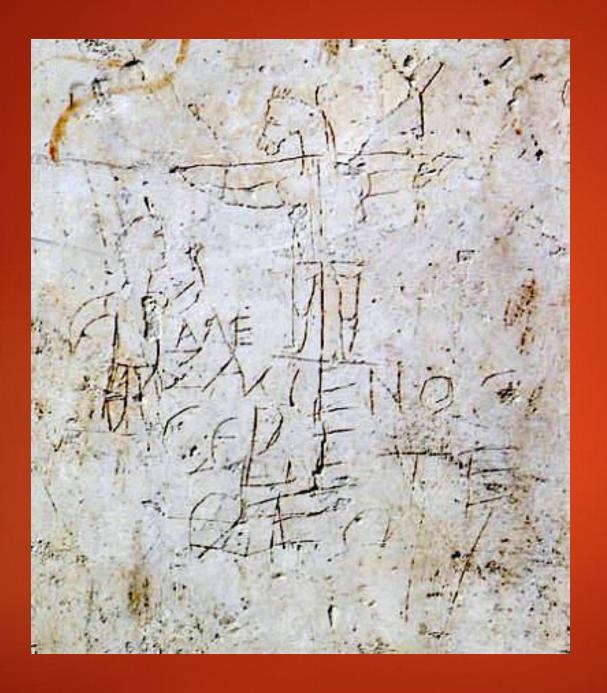
- Polycarp of Smyrna
- AD69 AD155
- Disciple of the Apostle John, along with Ignatius
- "How then can I blaspheme my King and Saviour? You threaten me with a fire that burns for a season, and after a little while is quenched; but you are ignorant of the fire of everlasting punishment that is prepared for the wicked."
- died a martyr, bound and burned at the stake, then stabbed when the fire failed to consume his body



- Pliny the Younger
- ► AD61 AD113
- Pliny & Trajan executed Christians but never mention any crime – other than being a Christian which was sufficient for judicial action
- Pliny gave Christians multiple chances to affirm innocence by making a sacrifice to a Roman god, if they refused 3x they were executed



- Diocletian
- AD240 AD311
- Roman emperor, religious conservative, faithful to traditional Roman cult
- Worst persecutor of Christians, strived to remove all worship – seen as anti-Roman

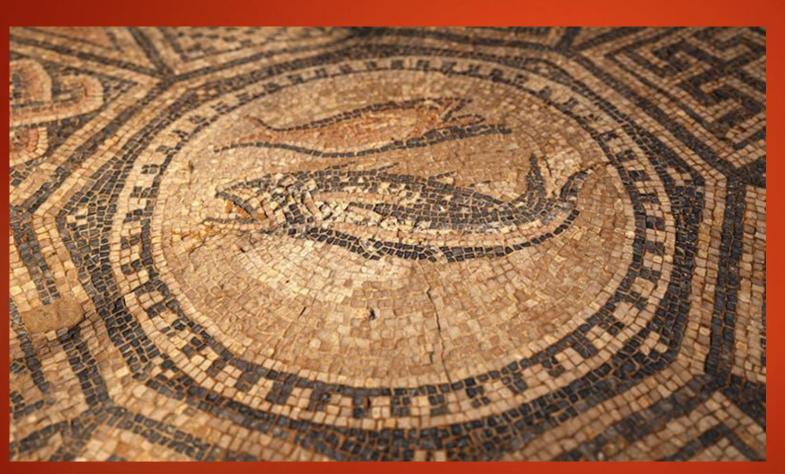


- The Alexamenos graffito
- Est. date c200 AD
- Originally scratched into plaster of Roman/Palatine building.
- Graffiti translates to "Alexamenos worships [his] god,"
- Ridicule of Alex evidences the already well-known circumstances about Christ and the worship of Him.



Megiddo mosaic

- **AD 230**
- Greatest archaeological find since the Dead Sea Scrolls
- Oldest site of Christian worship ever found – Jezreel Valley
- 16ft x 32ft floor stone table to commemorate the Lord's supper
- Inscriptions include mention of centurion benefactor, women and "nomina sacra" standard abbreviations for names of deity, like "Lord" (Κύριος) or "God" (Θεός) and "Jesus" (Ἰησοῦς)



IXΘYΣ (ICHTHYS)

- Overtly Christian symbol, used before 'popularisation' of the crucifix
- I = lesous = Jesus
 - CH = Christos = Christ
 - TH = Theou = God's
 - Y = Yios = Son
 - S = Soter = Savior



- Inscriptions -
- "The god-loving Akeptous..."
- "... has offered the table to..."
- "...God Jesus Christ..."
- "... as a memorial."



- Constantine the Great
- AD272 AD337
- first Roman emperor to convert to Christianity
- He played a pivotal role in elevating the status of Christianity in Rome, decriminalizing Christian practice and ceasing Christian persecution
- Convened the Council of Nicaea from May to July in AD 325, 1,700th anniversary
- The first effort to attain consensus in the church, the main accomplishment - settling the Christological issue of the divine nature of God the Son to God the Father
- Dispelling heresies by people such as Arius
- Construction of the Nicene Creed and the uniform observance of the date of Easter

early non-Biblical evidence of Jesus Christ

QUESTIONS?