Getting to know your parish

What is this spotlight?

This short spotlight brings together a range of information about your parish, both in terms of your congregations, but also the wider community living in your area. It covers areas such as Christian affiliation, population age and ethnicity profiles, household structures, deprivation, employment, schools and qualifications, alongside church statistics such as attendance and giving.

How should I use it?

This spotlight is not an end in itself, but rather a starting place for you to explore further. You may want to discuss it at a PCC meeting or with leadership teams. We've included some questions on each page to help you to think about the information, however some things will be of more relevance in some areas than others, and these are just suggestions to get you started. We've also included some bigger questions about what to do next at the end of the spotlight on page 17. There's space for you to write some notes here. It might be helpful to write a short paragraph to summarise your community profile or note down anything that has struck you as particularly important. There are also details at the end for where you can find further information should you want to dig a little deeper.

Questions

There is information at the end of the spotlight about where this data comes from and how it was calculated. If you have any further queries then please do contact the Research and Statistics team at statistics.unit@churchofengland.org



Contents

1. Summary: a brief overview of your parish, including what look to be 5 of the most pressing social issues in your area

2. Age: age profile of your community

3. Ethnicity: ethnicity profile of your community

4. Integration: English language speaking and length of UK residency in your community

5. Religious affiliation: religious affiliation in your community

6. Households: families, dependents, one person households, temporary residents and housing tenure

7. Marital and civil partnership status

8. Employment: occupations, benefits and mobility in your community

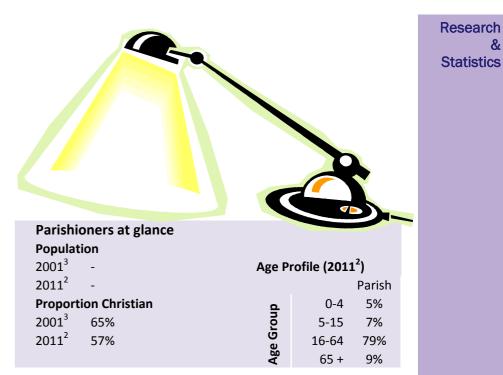
- 9. Education: CofE schools and qualification levels in your community
- 10. Health: people with health problems and carers in your community
- 11. Deprivation: different types of deprivation in your community



Mortuary, Chapel and Cemetery Excluded Extra Parochial Place

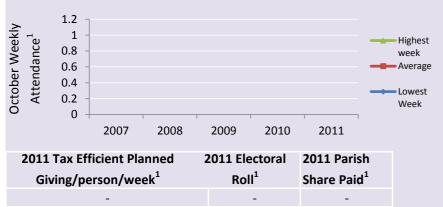
Parish of: Mortuary, Chapel and Cemetery Excluded Extra **Parochial Place**

PARISH OVERVIEW C'dral, Unkn or Extra-Paroch Deanery Archdeaconry Diocese Rochester Included Churches **Fresh Expressions** Sorry, no Fresh Expressions listed for this parish.



Issues to look out for in your parish

Annual Parochial Returns



Housing Access Single parenthood **Housing Conditions Environment**

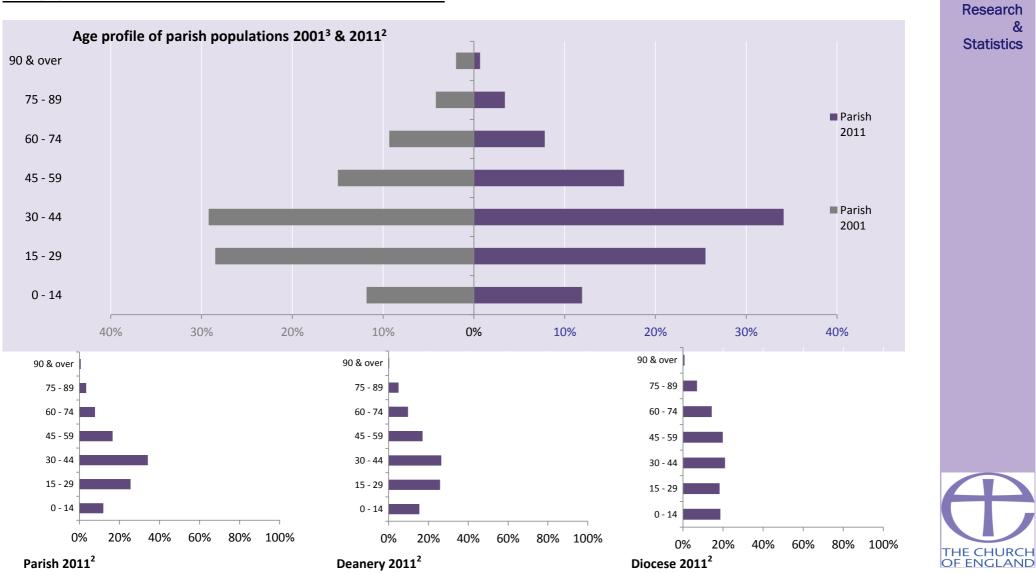


Female Life Expectancy

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Demographics: AGE PROFILE AND ATTENDANCE AT SERVICES



Does the age profile of your congregation match that of your parish? Are you engaging with the parish's largest demographic: those aged 30 - 44?

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Demographics: AGE PROFILE AND ATTENDANCE AT SERVICES

Comparable Age profile of Adults 18 - 44 45 - 64 65 + Diocesan Congregation⁴ (2007) 19% 33% 49% Diocesan Population² (2011) 46% 34% 21%

Age	Parish Population ² (2011) (nearest 50)	Highest Weeks Attendance 2011 ¹	Infant & Juvenile Baptisms 2011 ¹
0 - 4	5%		R
5 - 15	7%	-	
16 - 64	79%		
65 +	9%	-	

Diocesan Core Congregation Age Profile⁴ (2007)





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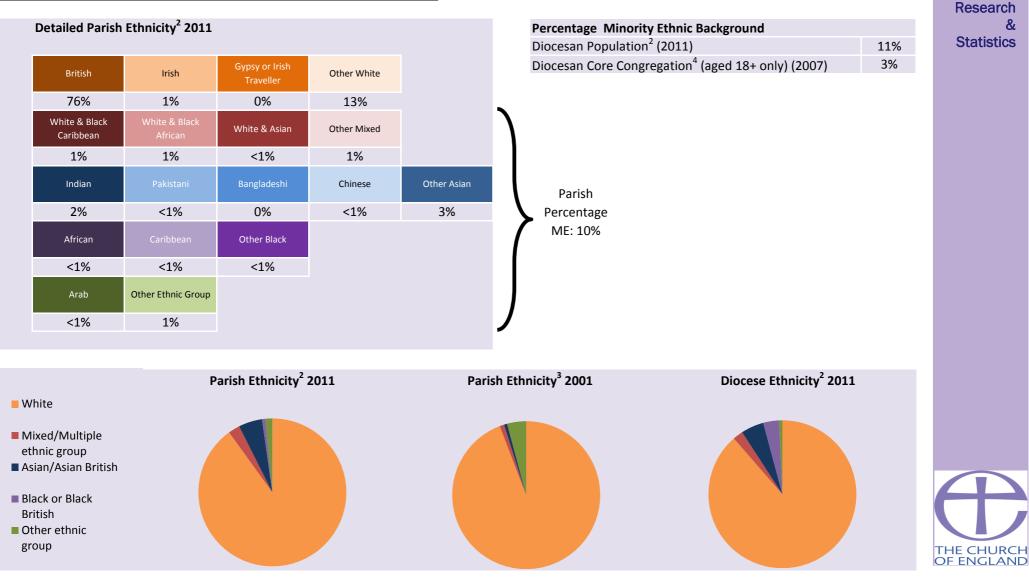
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Mortuary, Chapel and Cemetery Excluded Extra Parochial Place

Does the age profile of your congregation match that of your parish?

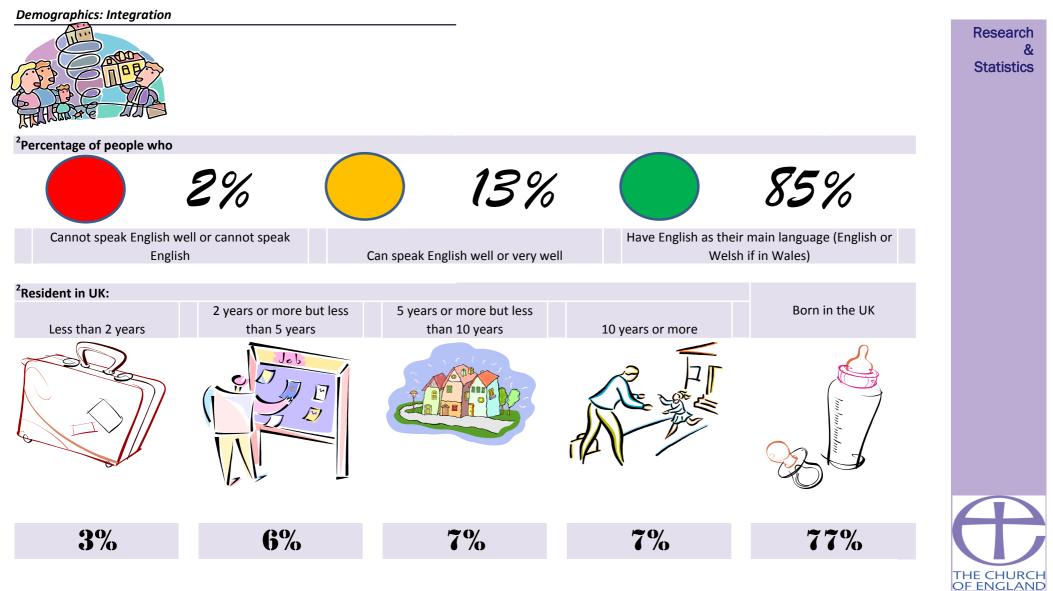
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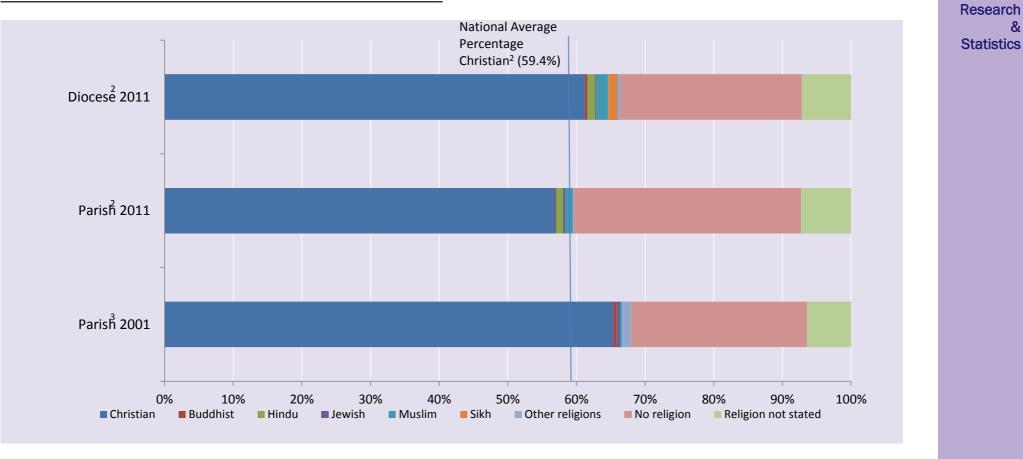
Does the ethnicity profile of your congregation match that of your parish? Are you engaging with the parish's largest demographics: those describing themselves as White or Asian/Asian British?

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Are services in your parish accessible to all residents? Do you offer any services in foreign languages? What can you offer those who may not have been in the UK for long? Mortuary, Chapel and Cemetery Excluded Extra Parochial Place

RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION



Christians in your ParishIn your parish 257% of the population declared themselves as Christian in 2011Statistics from the AnnualEaster Communicants1Parochial Returns 2011Christmas Communicants1Christmas Attendance1-Christmas Attendance1-

How has the religious affiliation of those living in your parish changed over the past decade? How closely does it match that of the Diocese as a whole? Are Christians in your parish engaging with your churches? How are you engaging with other faith groups? THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND

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Household Spaces ² 2011	
With at least one usual resident i.e. not vacant	96%
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	0%

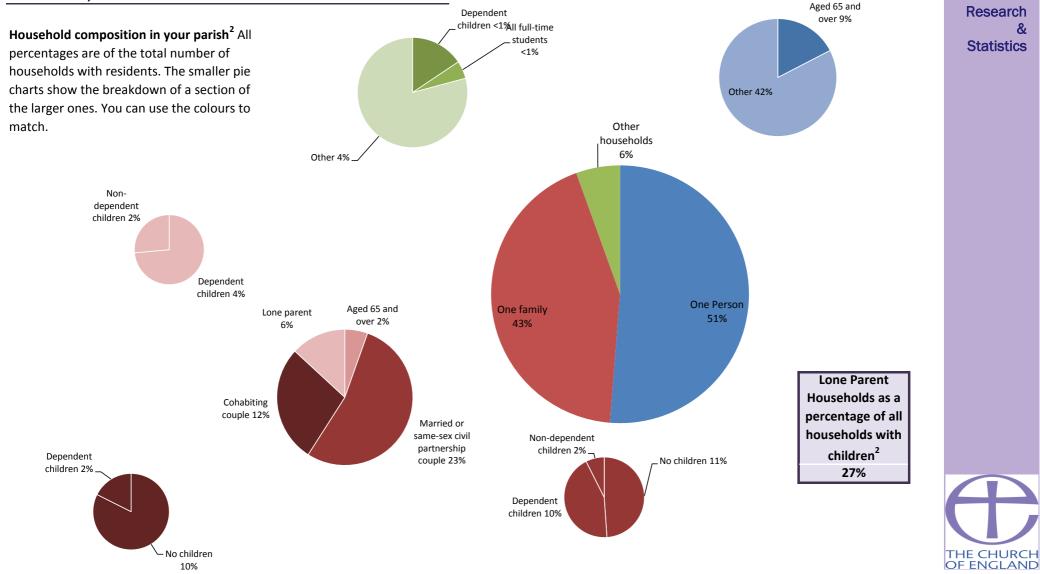


Social rented as a percentage of all households² 4% Tenure² For Ren 39% 4% **For Ren** 56% For Sale THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND Owner occupied households Private Rented households Social Rented households (including shared ownership) (including those living rent free) Who lives in your parish? Are there issues with access to housing? How permenant are your parishioners?

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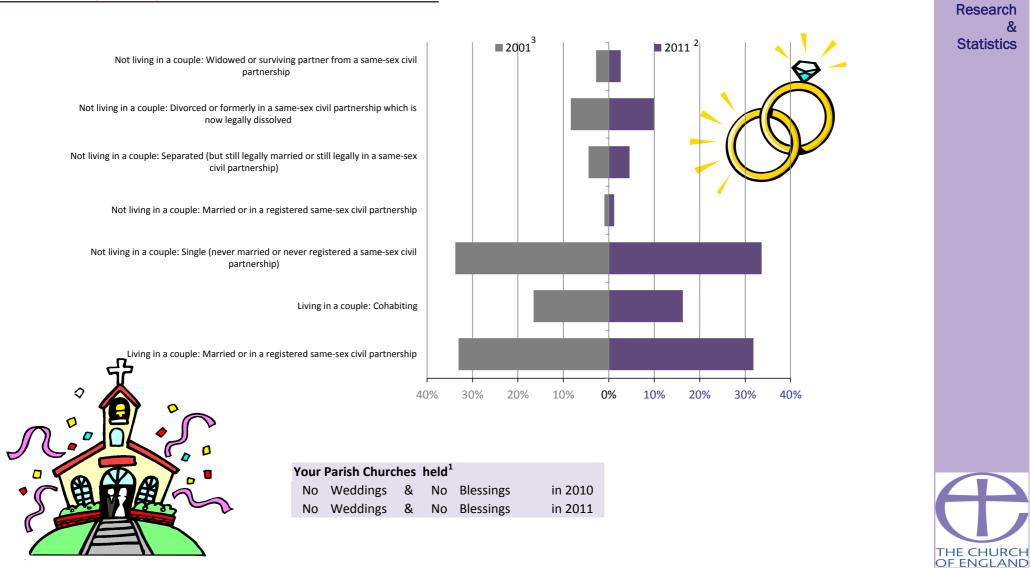
HOUSEHOLDS, LIFESTYLE AND THE COMMUNITY II



Who lives in your parish? Are there a lot of households with children? What about lone parent households? Are there a lot of people living alone?

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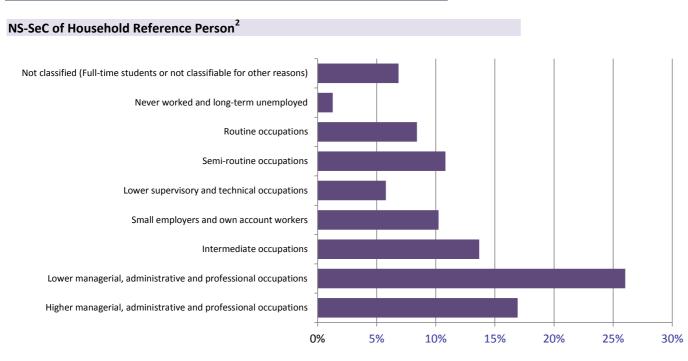
Marital and civil partnership status



Do you hold many weddings in your parish? How is your parish supporting those in the above categories?

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EMPLOYMENT AND SOCIAL GRADE, LIFESTYLE



The National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) is an occupationally based classification but has rules to provide coverage of the whole adult population.

The NS-SeC provides an indication of socio-economic position based on occupation. It is an Office for National Statistics standard classification. To assign a person aged 16 to 74 to an NS-SeC category their occupation title is combined with information about their employment status, whether they are employed or self-employed and whether or not they supervise other employees. Full-time students are recorded in the' full-time students' category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.

Finance Returns	2011	2010
Parish Income ¹	-	-
Tax Efficient Planned Giving (TEPG) ¹	-	-
TEPG/PERSON/WEEK ¹	-	-
Other planned giving ¹	-	-
Other/person/week ¹	-	-
Parish Expenditure ¹	-	-
Parish Share Assessed ¹	-	-
Parish Share Paid ¹	-	-

Please note, figures may differ from your financial statements in cases where the totals of components of income and expenditure given in returns do not sum to the financial statement totals.

We do not have a record of the total income on your financial statement in 2011. We do not have a record of the total expenditure on your financial statement in 2011. We do not have a record of the total income on your financial statement in 2010. We do not have a record of the total expenditure on your financial statement in 2010. **An "E" indicates that at least one figure in your return is estimated.**



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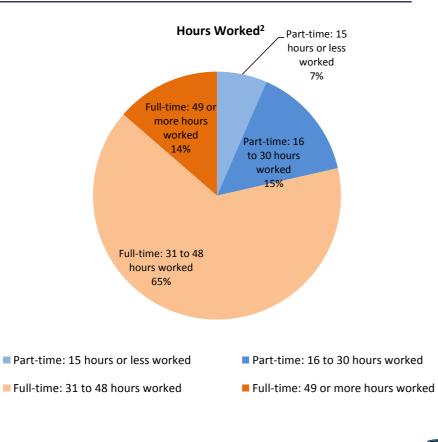
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How are your parish finances? How does this compare to your community profile?

Household Mobility²

V

No access to a car or van Access to at least 1 car or van



Proportion of population aged 60+ who are in receipt of the Guaranteed part of Pension Credit ⁵	13%
Proportion of the population aged 16+ with no qualifications ²	7%
Proportion of working age population who are in receipt of a key out-of-work benefit ⁵	7%

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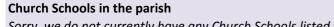
How much free time do residents of your parish have?	How accessible are your churches to those
with/without cars?	

Households

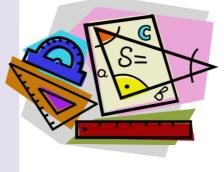
29%

71%

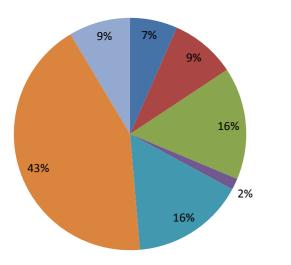
EDUCATION AND SCHOOLS

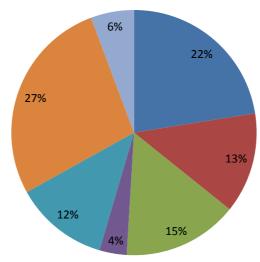


Sorry, we do not currently have any Church Schools listed for this parish.



Parish² 2011 (proportion of 16+ population)





National² 2011 (proportion of 16+ population)





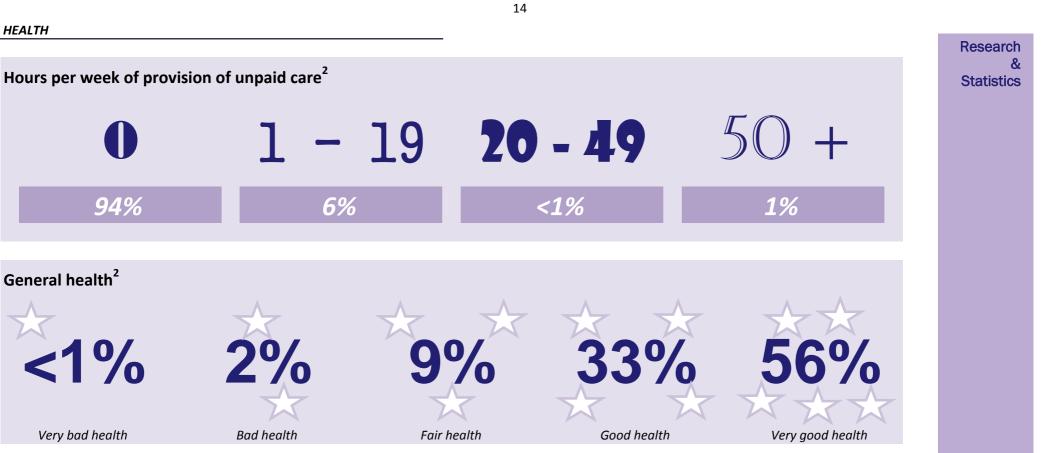
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How qualified are residents of your parish? What Church of England schools are available?



Long-term health problem or disability²

3%

Day-to-day activities limited a lot

Day-to-day activities limited a little

6%

91%

Day-to-day activities not limited

Mortuary, Chapel and Cemetery Excluded Extra Parochial Place

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND

Are there people in your parish with health problems? Is there anything you can do to assist with day-to-day activities of those who have health problems?

Deprivation Indicator	Score	Diocesan Position	e and of all parishes nationally National Position	
ife Expectancy at birth (boys) ⁶ (1999-2003)	78	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	Statis
ife expectancy at birth (girls) ⁶ (1999-2003)	80	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	
fe expectancy at birth can give an idea of overall quality of life. Life expectancy is an av hysique, exercise, diet, drug use including smoking and alcohol consumption, disposition	-		ctany can be affected by family history, marital status, economic statu	s,
Proportion of the population aged 60+ who are in receipt of he Guaranteed part of Pension Credit ⁵ (2012)	13%	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	
ension Credit is an income related benefit made up of 2 parts - Guarantee Credit and Sa eceive this are on a low income. This statistic only covers people living in private househ				
Percentage of working age persons (16-74) with no qualifications ² (2011)	7%	10% least deprived	10% least deprived	
low-level of skill or educational attainment is one indicator of social disadvantage. Qua	lifications may make i	t easier to find employment. Learning c	ilso helps promote active citizenship and combat social exclusion.	
ercentage of Children under 16 in Poverty ⁷ (2010)	8%	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	
he proportion of children in families in receipr of either out of work benefits or tax credits where thei ips and activities; school uniforms or warm winter clothes, be unable to go swimming, have friends i ualifications, have lower employment chances, thus restricting their ability to get a good job and fini	round for tea or celebrate	their birthdays. Many will never have a holid		
ndex of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) ⁸ (2010)	9.6	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	
	as financial, health, educe		e of relative deprivation therefore there is no definitive point on the scale below	
	rived 10% may indicate fir	nancial disadvantage, it could equally be due	to isolated ining.	
hich areas are considered to be deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the mos	rived 10% may indicate fir 7%	nancial disadvantage, it could equally be due 50% most deprived	50% most deprived	
hich areas are considered to be deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and population who are in receipt of a key out-of-work benefit ⁵ (2012) umber of people aged 16 to State Pension age claiming: Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA), Edit	7%	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	
eprivation is considered to be a multi-dimensional problem, encompassing a range of domains such thich areas are considered to be deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived proportion of the working age population who are in receipt of a key out-of-work benefit ⁵ (2012) Number of people aged 16 to State Pension age claiming: Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA), En Other income related benefits.	7%	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	
hich areas are considered to be deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and a bove which they are not. While being in the most deprived and a set of people aged 16 to State Pension age claiming: Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA), Each ther income related benefits.	7% mployment and Suppo 4% g need. It is generally ;	50% most deprived rt Allowance (ESA), Incapacity Benefit (50% least deprived	50% most deprived IB), Income Support (IS) (as a lone parent or in the "other" category), 50% least deprived	n A
thich areas are considered to be deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most deprived and population who are in receipt of a key out-of-work benefit ⁵ (2012) Number of people aged 16 to State Pension age claiming: Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA), Enother income related benefits.	7% mployment and Suppo 4% g need. It is generally ;	50% most deprived rt Allowance (ESA), Incapacity Benefit (50% least deprived	50% most deprived IB), Income Support (IS) (as a lone parent or in the "other" category), 50% least deprived	

What are the particular issues that affect your parish? Are you doing anything to address these?

DEPRIVATION AND KEY ISSUES AFFECTING PARISHIONERS

It is important to note that these statistics are a measure of deprivation, not affluence, and to recognise that not every person in a highly deprived area will themselves be deprived. Equally, there will be some deprived people living in the least deprived areas.

Deprivation covers a broad range of issues and refers to unmet needs caused by a lack of resources of all kinds, not just financial. The English Indices of Deprivation attempt to measure a broader concept of multiple deprivation, made up of several distinct dimensions, or domains, of deprivation. Seven domains of deprivation are combined to produce the overall Index of Multiple Deprivation. Each domain contains a number of component indicators. The English Indices of Deprivation are a continuous measure of relative deprivation therefore there is no definitive point on the scale below which areas are considered to be deprived and above which they are not. Deprived areas have been defined in this release as those containing LSOAs that are amongst the 10 per cent most deprived in England according to the overall Index of Multiple Deprivation.

	Average			Ŭ			Number of LSOAs amongst		
IMD Subdomains ⁸ (2010)		Diocesan position	National position	most deprived*			least deprived*		
	parish			1%	5%	10%	1%	5%	10%
Overall IMD	9.6	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
INCOME	0.1	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
EMPLOYMENT	0.0	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
HEALTH DEPRIVATION AND DISABILITY	-0.8	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
EDUCATION SKILLS AND TRAINING	2.4	10% least deprived	10% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	3
BARRIERS TO HOUSING AND SERVICES	19.4	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRIME AND DISORDER	-0.2	50% least deprived	50% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIVING ENVIRONMENT	44.4	10% most deprived	10% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indoors Sub-domain	55.1	10% most deprived	10% most deprived	3	0	0	0	0	0
Outdoors Sub-domain	23.0	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
Geographical Barriers Sub-domain	2.9	10% least deprived	10% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wider Barriers Sub-domain	36.0	10% most deprived	10% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
Children/Young People Sub-domain	2.7	50% least deprived	10% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skills Sub-domain	2.0	10% least deprived	10% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	3
Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index	0.1	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index	0.1	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
here are 3 full or partial LSOAs included in th	nis parish								

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ess these? Mortuary, Chapel and Cemetery Excluded Extra Parochial Place

What are the particular issues that affect your parish? Are you doing anything to address these?

 What to do next?

 This spotlight has given you some information about your parish both in terms of your own church congregations and your local community. This is not an end in itself, but rather a starting place for you to explore further. Questions to consider might include:

 • What does our congregation look like?

 • How does it compare to the local population?

 • What other churches are there in the area? What parts of the community to they reach? Which parts of the community are being missed?

 • What other local organisations or centres are there, that might bring people into our parish? Examples might be Hospitals or health centres, prisons, job centres, homeless shelters, schools, charities, mother and toddler groups, uniformed organisations, community centres, libraries, shops, offices, stations?

 How does the local community change between weekdays and weekends? How do our services and events fit with the shifting local population?

 • How does the local community change between weekdays and weekends? How do our services and events fit with the shifting local population?

 • Is our website/'A Church Near You' profile up to date?



Your notes

Statistics

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Research



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Sources of further information

Research & Statistics GIS http://www.churchofengland.org/about-us/facts-stats/research-statistics/census-2011.aspx Church Urban Fund www.cuf.org.uk A Church Near You www.achurchnearyou.com Police.uk - Local crime and policing information for England and Wales http://www.police.uk/ **ONS - Neighbourhood Statistics** http://neighbourhood.statistics.gov.uk/ Hint: Use the summary box UpMyStreet - UK house prices, property, crime, local neighbourhood & schools http://www.upmystreet.com/ Hint: Use the "My Neighbourhood" tab The network of Public Health Observatories - Health Profiles http://www.apho.org.uk/default.aspx?QN=HP FINDSEARCH2011 Public Health Observatories - APHO JSNA Datasets (The datasets are intended to cover a range of issues, focused on underlying determinants of health and conditions which account for substantial numbers of preventable diseases and deaths.)

www.apho.org.uk/resource/view.aspx?RID=91736 *The Poverty Site - Geographic Analysis* www.poverty.org.uk/summary/regional.shtml

AboutMyArea - The local interactive site - news, reviews, what's on, events, businesses http://www.aboutmyarea.co.uk/ Homeless Pages - Information, Research and Publications on homelessness http://www.homelesspages.org.uk/ MurderMap - London Homicide Reported Direct from The Old Bailey http://www.murdermap.co.uk/ London Street Gangs - Territory maps and background information http://www.londonstreetgangs.com/ Hint: Scroll to the bottom of the "Gang Maps" page to see boundaries.



Mortuary, Chapel and Cemetery Excluded Extra Parochial Place

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ABO	DUT THIS DATA
1	Annual parochial returns
	These have been collected annually between 2007 and 2011 by the Research and Statistics team, Archbishops' Council
2	ONS Census data 2011
	Estimated using postcode and OA level data sourced from ONS Census Data 2011, ONS
3	ONS Census data 2001
	Estimated using OA level data sourced from ONS Census Data 2001, ONS
4	2007 Church Diversity Survey
	http://www.churchofengland.org/about-us/facts-stats/research-statistics/clergydiversityaudit2005linkpage.aspx
5	DWP
	Proportion of the population aged 60+ who are in receipt of the Guaranteed part of Pension Credit (August 2012)
	Estimated using LSOA level data sourced from http://83.244.183.180/NESS/BEN/iben.htm
	Proportion of the working age population who are in receipt of a key out-of-work benefit (Q3 2012)
	Estimated using OA level data from DWP Information, Governance and Security Directorate from
	http://statistics.dwp.gov.uk/asd/asd1/tabtools/census_output_area_data/index.php?page=census_output_area_data
6	ONS
	Life Expectancy at birth (boys) (1999-2003)
	Estimated using ward level data from ONS.
	Life expectancy at birth (girls) (1999-2003)
	Estimated using ward level data from ONS.
7	HMRC
	Percentage of Children under 16 in Poverty (2009)
	Estimated using LSOA level data from http://www.hmrc.gov.uk/statistics/child-poverty-stats.htm
8	Department for Communities and Local Government
	IMD (2010)
	Estimated using LSOA level data from Communities and Local Government, 2010.
	https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/6320/1870718.pdf
Whe	en analysing data, it is important to consider that some parishes are very small and proportions may be very large even where very few cases meet the criteria.
	en quoting figures derived from this data, care should be taken with the level of accuracy quoted.
Met	hodology: Government data are published on government boundaries that do not match ecclesiastical boundaries. In order to produce parish population and demographic
	nates we have worked with the ONS to use a best fit modelling process. As such, these statistics can only be considered estimates and, particularly in very diverse areas, are
	used in the context of local knowledge. Where parish populations are sparse the figures for government areas overlapping the parish are used.

2011 parish estimates from the census have been calculated using the census postcode population headcounts published by the ONS. The parish population count is the sum of all postcode headcounts within a parish. Proportions for characteristics of the population from the Output Area Census data are then applied to the postcode headcounts and summed to get parish figures. Where parishes have not been allocated population as no postcode centroids fall within the parish boundaries, proportions for demographic variables have been calculated based on the output areas overlaying the parish. The population count and other statistics for 2001 are estimated using Output Area Census data in the same way as postcode data is used for 2011 statistics.

For further information about this process please contact statistics.unit@churchofengland.org.



Mortuary, Chapel and Cemetery Excluded Extra Parochial Place